



Gettin' Jigggy

>>>>>> JIG BASICS TO CATCH FISH

Jig: a hook that has a weight in the front with rubber, soft plastic, hair, feathers, or other material attached to the hook.



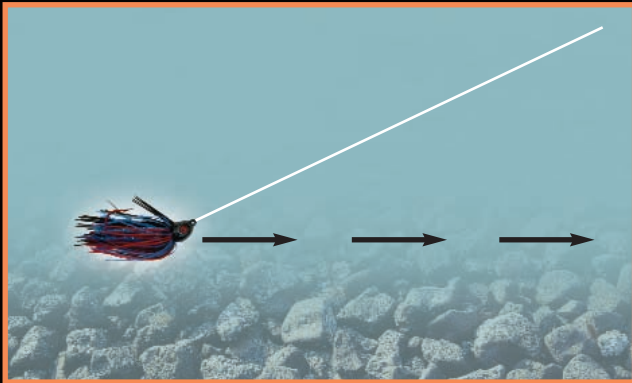
Jigs >



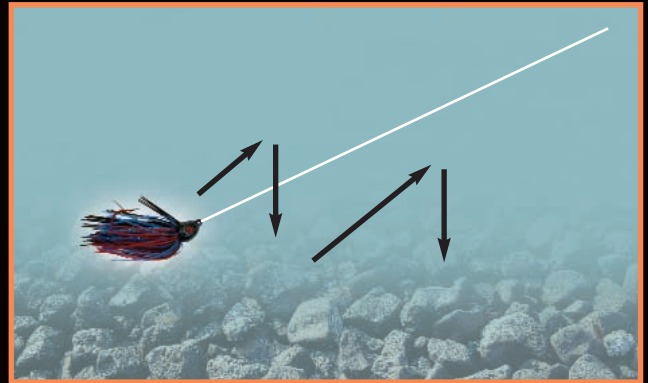
< Jigs range in size from 1/32 oz. (really small), to 1 oz. (really big). The size of jig depends on the kind of fish you are fishing for. Crappie/Bluegill use small jigs. Bass use bigger jigs.



THERE ARE MANY WAYS TO FISH A JIG. TRY TO LEARN EACH WAY SO YOU CAN CATCH MORE FISH.



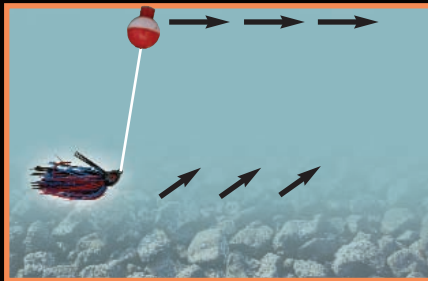
▲ Drag the jig on the bottom; stop it for 2-5 seconds, and then drag it again. Do this all the way back. This acts like a crawfish trying to escape.



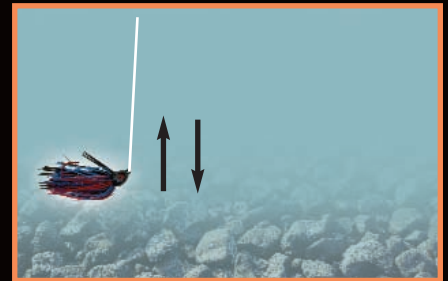
▲ Hop the jig off the bottom about 4-6 inches, then allow the jig to fall back to the bottom. Do this all the way back as you reel it in. This acts like an injured fish or other food that the fish may eat.



▲ Reel and swim the jig back to you, keeping the jig off the bottom. You can swim the jig over weeds, brush, or any other cover. This acts like a swimming fish trying to escape.



▲ Using a bobber, pull in the line with small jerks. Move the bobber only 2-3 inches at a time. This makes the jig go up and down, and acts like an injured fish.



▲ Move the jig straight up, then let it fall back the bottom. This works good in thick cover and when fish are not very active.

Pick a jig, Practice these Different ways, and Catch fish.

